## **New Providence**

## VOCABULARY

Activity I

com	nmemorated	facades	debris	renovate	thriving
det	eriorating	facades graffiti	inscription	rural	thriving vandalized
1.			d's great cities, is a craz		and ugly, well-cared for
2.			nd hours window shopp ( <i>deco</i>		ng, or enjoying some of the eolder buildings.
3.		people hurry to a	nd fro, new cars crowd (prospering).	the streets; the city	y is
4.	covered with		corner and, suddenly, the corner and, suddenly, the corner and second corner and sec	_	nd deserted, walls are dewalks are filled with dirt
5.			s that have been owed to the junkyard.		(damaged illegally and
6.			er a nearly rubbed out _ rved there in better tim		(words engraved
7.	·		ing monument in the ar (honored the memory o		event it
8.			they are, will not leave ! ( <i>re</i>		state forever. New York is s heard.
9.	people who fe	eel happier in a _	nings urban, there is no ofeel like home.		. Of course, for those ) setting, New York will be

Name

VOCABULARY

Activity II

# Using Words in Context

The best way to *learn* words is to *use* them! Next to each word below, are two other words. Write a sentence using all three words. Your sentence should be at least six words long.

1. thriving — business — selling

The roadside stand was doing a thriving business selling homegrown peaches.

- 2. commemoration dinner speech
- 3. inscription book grandfather
- 4. rural horse field
- 5. deteriorating building neighborhood
- 6. vandalized cars police
- 7. debris streets deserted
- 8. facade ugly attractive
- 9. graffiti angry spoil
- 10. renovated modern comfortable



#### **COMPREHENSION**

**Ouestions** 

## In-Depth Thinking

1. Give examples from 1910 that show New Providence is thriving. Describe several contrasts between the city in 1910 and 1935. What appears in the skies in 1910, 1935, and 1970? How has technology changed the world? Drawing Conclusions 1. Pretend that it is 1910, and you are staying at the hotel above the Butler Café. Describe your room and the café. It is 1935. You have just lost your job at Reiter's Shoes, and you cannot pay your rent. How do you spend the day?

Nam	e	COMPREHENSION
		Questions
3.	Your family owns Getz and McClure. Your great-grandparents started changes has your family seen in the last century? How have they kep has the family's role been in keeping the city on its feet?	
neią wha	One Step Further  How did your neighborhood look thirty years ago?  Perhaps the same stores were there but they had differences. Are there more or newer houses now than there were then? Take ghborhood and describe what has and hasn't changed. If you don't know at the neighborhood used to be like, imagine the changes that have on the tyour description is fictional (made up).	erent owners and different one street in your w anyone who can tell you
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### New Providence

#### GRAPHIC ORGANIZER

Compare and Contrast

One of the best ways to compare things or ideas is to make a chart. Complete the chart below by looking back at both the text and the pictures of *New Providence*. When a statement is true for that year, check the appropriate box. If it is not true for that year, mark an X in the box. If neither the picture nor the text provides you with an answer, make the best guess you can, and put an asterisk next to your check or X.

	1910	1935	1955	1970	1980	1992
The streets are cobblestone.						
The streets are paved.						
There is a bandstand at the center of town.						
Women wear long skirts.						
Getz and McClure is open for business.						
Victorian homes dot the hillside.						
Modern apartment buildings are on the hillside.						

Name	GRAPHIC ORGANIZER		
	Compare and Contrast		

	1910	1935	1955	1970	1980	1992
The Colonel Fleming House is used to house businesses.						
The cars are Model-Ts.						
The cars are Fords, American Motors, General Motors, etc.						
A flock of birds flies overhead.						
A jet plane is in the sky.						